

Pregnancy Disability Leave

1042.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to establish guidelines for the Fresno County Fire Protection District to manage pregnancy disability leave in accordance with the California Fair Employment and Housing Act (FEHA) (Government Code § 12945; 2 CCR 11040) and the Pregnancy Discrimination Act of 1978 (42 USC § 2000e(k)).

1042.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

Interactive process - An informal meeting between employer and employee, designed to identify the precise limitations resulting from a disability and any potential reasonable accommodations that could overcome those limitations and allow the employee to return to work, either in their usual and customary position or some other type of work.

1042.2 POLICY

The Fresno County Fire Protection District recognizes pregnancy as a disability and shall treat pregnant members in a manner consistent with other members with disabilities. The District shall defer to a pregnant member's qualified health care provider in assessing the member's ability to work.

1042.3 ELIGIBLE MEMBERS

Members who are disabled by pregnancy, childbirth or related medical conditions are eligible for pregnancy disability leave. There is no required minimum amount of service time or number of hours worked in order to be eligible (2 CCR 11037).

1042.4 TIME AND DURATION OF LEAVE

Under certain circumstances, an eligible member may be entitled to take pregnancy disability leave of up to four months and leave allowed under the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) of up to 12 weeks, for a combined total of approximately seven months.

Members may take up to four months of pregnancy disability leave per pregnancy for any actual disability caused by pregnancy, childbirth or related medical conditions (Government Code § 12945).

Pregnancy disability leave need not be taken in one continuous period of time and may be taken intermittently, on an as-needed basis (2 CCR 11042).

Time off needed for prenatal care, severe morning sickness, doctor-ordered bed rest, childbirth and recovery from childbirth is allowed by pregnancy disability leave.

If affected by pregnancy, childbirth or related medical conditions, a member may be permitted to transfer to a less strenuous or hazardous position or to less strenuous or hazardous duties,

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if such a transfer is recommended by the member's physician after reviewing the member's job description and required duties (2 CCR 11041).

A member may also receive reasonable accommodation for conditions related to pregnancy, childbirth or related medical conditions, if recommended by a qualified health care professional (Government Code § 12945(3)).

1042.5 BENEFITS DURING LEAVE

A member on pregnancy disability leave may receive any group health insurance coverage that was provided before the leave (2 CCR 11044; Government Code § 12945) if:

- (a) The member is eligible for concurrent family medical leave.
- (b) The member has not already exhausted the 12-week group health insurance coverage benefit in the current FMLA eligibility period.

The District shall maintain and pay for the coverage for the duration of the leave as required in Government Code § 12945(2).

The District may recover premiums it paid to maintain health coverage, as provided by FMLA laws and Government Code § 12945(2), if a member does not return to work following pregnancy disability leave.

A member on pregnancy disability leave, who is not eligible to receive group health insurance coverage, may receive health insurance coverage in conjunction with Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA) guidelines by making monthly premium payments to the District.

Sick leave, vacation leave and seniority do not accrue while a member is on unpaid pregnancy disability leave.

1042.6 USE OF OTHER LEAVES

Members are required to use accrued sick leave for any authorized pregnancy disability leave. At the member's option, accrued vacation or other accrued time off may be applied toward the pregnancy disability leave. If no accrued sick or vacation leave is available, pregnancy disability leave is unpaid (2 CCR 11044).

Pregnancy disability leave will run concurrently with FMLA and any short-term disability leave for those members who are eligible for both.

1042.7 PROCEDURE

The following procedures apply to all members requesting pregnancy disability leave:

- (a) Members who wish to take pregnancy disability leave shall provide their supervisor with 30 days of advance notice if the need for leave is foreseeable or as soon as practicable if the need for leave was not foreseeable (2 CCR 11050). The 30-day advance notice may be waived with the supervisor's written approval.

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- (b) A member shall submit a written request for pregnancy disability leave approved by the member's supervisor or the Administration before the leave begins. The request shall be supported by a written certification from a physician or qualified health care professional that the member is disabled from working by pregnancy, childbirth or a related medical condition. The certification must state the expected duration of the disability and the expected date of return to work (Government Code § 12945; 2 CCR 11050).
- (c) The supervisor should forward requests for pregnancy disability leave, including medical certifications, to the Administration and ensure that the pregnancy disability leave or transfer request is responded to as soon as practicable and in no event later than 10 days after receiving the request (2 CCR 11050).
- (d) Members shall submit any request for an extension of leave in writing to their supervisor prior to the agreed date of return. The request for extension must be supported by a written certification from the attending physician that the member continues to be disabled by pregnancy, childbirth or a related medical condition.
- (e) Members returning from pregnancy disability leave shall provide a written statement from a qualified health care professional attesting that the member is fit to return to full duty (2 CCR 11050).

1042.8 REINSTATEMENT FOLLOWING LEAVE

Upon the expiration of pregnancy disability leave or transfer, and the district's receipt of a written return to full duty certification, the member will be reinstated to her original or an equivalent position, unless the position has been eliminated for a legitimate business reason during the leave (2 CCR 11043).

If the same position is no longer available, as in a layoff, the member will be entitled to a position that is comparable in pay, location, job content, promotional opportunity and geographic location if such a comparable position exists.

If upon return from pregnancy disability leave a member is unable to perform the essential functions of the job because of a disability, the member's supervisor should work with the Administration or legal counsel to engage in an interactive process with the member to identify a potential reasonable accommodation.

1042.9 RESPONSIBILITY

Supervisors should work with the Administration to review requests for leave and any request to return to duty under temporary modified duty limitations. The Administration should advise the supervisor and inform members of their rights and responsibilities. Also see the Temporary Modified Duty Assignments Policy and the Return to Work Policy.

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1042.10 RECORDS

The District will maintain leave-related records for at least two years or in compliance with the district's established record retention schedule (Government Code § 12946).

Records and documents related to doctor certifications and other medical information created for purposes of complying with FMLA/California Family Rights Act (CFRA) and this policy shall be maintained as confidential medical records in separate files from the member's personnel files.